



April 14, 2025



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SPEAKERS



BEATRICE BUZZELLA Chairman & CEO



FRANCESCO BUZZELLA CEO



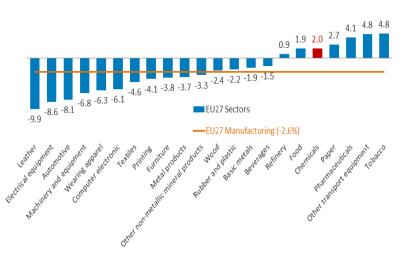
RAFFAELLA BIANCHESSI **CFO**



ALESSANDRO VIANO Business General Manager

SOLID GROWTH IN A CHALLENGING MARKET ENVIRONMENT

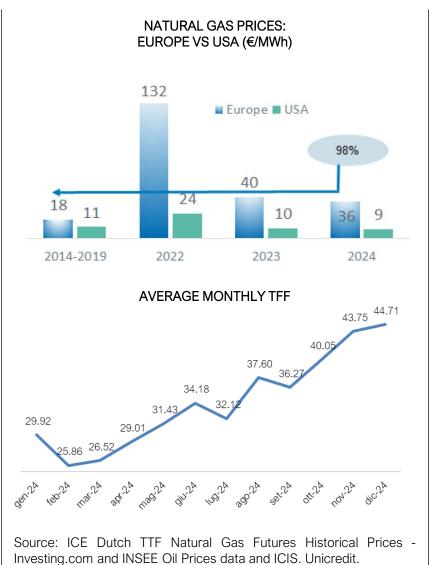
PRODUCTION GROWTH FOR EU27 MANUFACTURING SECTORS (2024 yoy)



At -2.6%, output of the entire EU27 manufacturing sector was significantly lower in 2024 vs 2023. The most significant output declines are seen in leather, electrical equipment and automotive. Most chemicals downstream users reported an output decline.

The EU27 chemical industry, after a H1 2024 growth of +3.5%, recorded a weakening of the recovery in the H2 2024, closing with a +2.0%.

Source: Eurostat and Cefic Analysis 2025



EUDR POSTPONEMENT

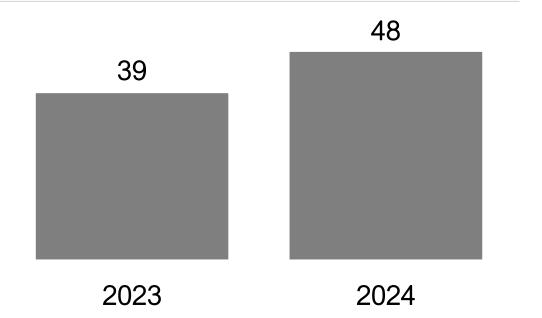
In Q4 2024 the postponement of the entry into force of the EUDR (*EUropean Deforestation-free products Regulation*) has led to further tensions on the price of palm oil and substitute raw materials.

BIOFUEL COMPETITION

EU regulations require increasing share of sustainable fuels for aviation and maritime transport from 2025. The competition from biofuels (SAF Sustainable Aviation Fuels and SMF Sustainable Marine Fuels) is generating a shortage of some raw materials (i.e. Pine Oil, Tallow category I and II), with a consequent pressure on purchase prices.

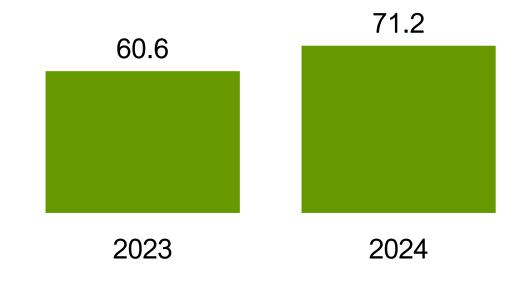
MAXIMIZING PRODUCTION CAPACITY TO FOSTER ECONOMIES OF SCALE





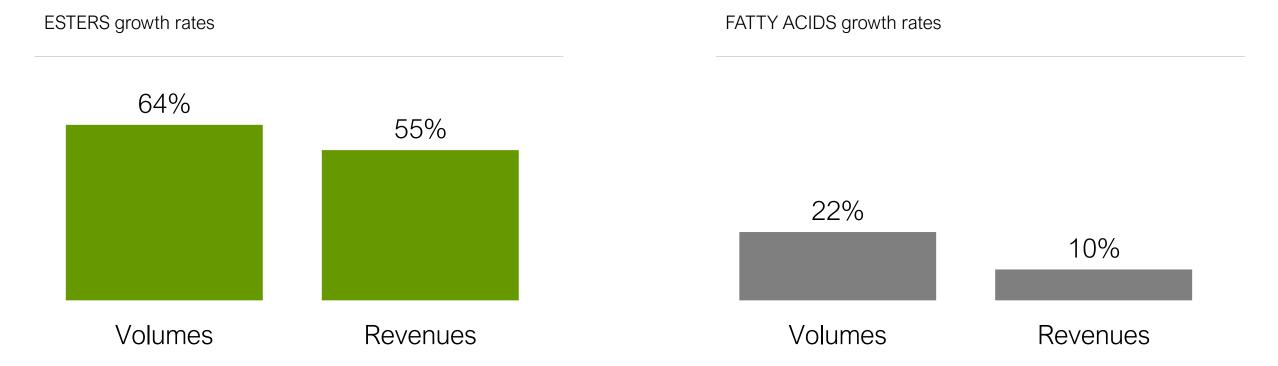
Focus on Volumes to generate economies of scale: +24%

REVENUES (€M)



Revenues +18% thanks to the different product mix

SHIFT IN PRODUCT MIX IN FAVOUR OF ESTERS



Development in cosmetics, lubrication and ceramics

Positive contribution from all major categories

LISTED COMPANIES

GREEN OLEO differs from its competitors for a product range based mainly on olive oil derivatives, which are the most requested in the sectors with higher margins and in the Green Deal perspective the most favored ones.

COMPANY	COUNTRY	RAW MATERIAL		PRODUCTS		2023		2024			
COMI ANT	COUNTRI	Natural	Olive	Synthetic	Esters	Fatty acids	Glycerins	Volumes	Revenues	Volumes	Revenues
GREEN OLEO	Italy	•••	•••	•1	••	•••	•	0%	-25%	+24%	+18%
KLK (Manufacturing)	Malaysia	•••		•	•	•••		n.a.	-16% ²		-0%2
(KLK subsidiaryTemix, 9M23 data – 12M24 – difficult to compare due to different time frame considered in the numbers)	Italy	•••		•	•••	•			-53% (9months)		+40% (12 months)
CRODA (Industrial Specialties)	UK	•••	•	•	•••	•		n.a.	-19% ²		-4% ²
AAK (Technical Products & Feeds)	Sweden	•••				•••	•••	-6%	-17% ³		-5% ³

¹ minimum quantities of raw materials used by GREEN OLEO to expand the offer of mainly renewable-based synthetic esters

² consolidated data (source: company financial statements)

³ data relating to the division «Technical Products & Feed» (source: company financial statements)

[•] low •• medium ••• high

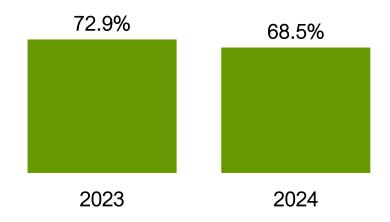
STRONG IMPROVEMENT IN MARGINS

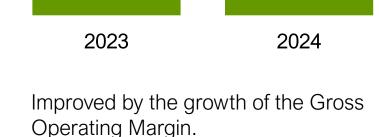
INCIDENCE OF RAW MATERIAL COSTS¹

EBITDA (€M)

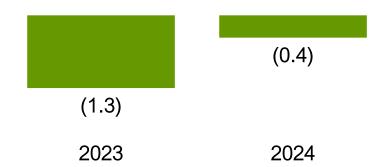
1.6

EBIT (€M)





3.0



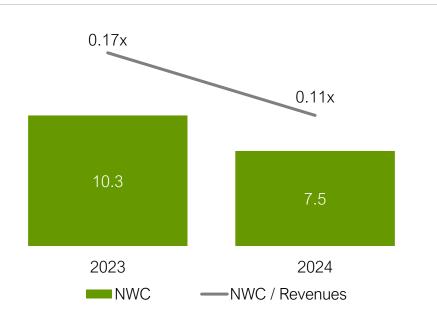
Impacted by 0.5 €M of provisions.

Improved by the efficiency of the procurement process started in Q4 2023. Impacted in Q4 2024 by *biofuel* competition and postponement of the EUDR.

¹ Calculated as the ratio of the costs of raw materials, auxiliary materials, and goods (net of changes in inventories) to the Production Value (net of nonrecurring components). Impacted by higher personnel costs, growth in TTF index in H2 2024 and coverage for methane gas.

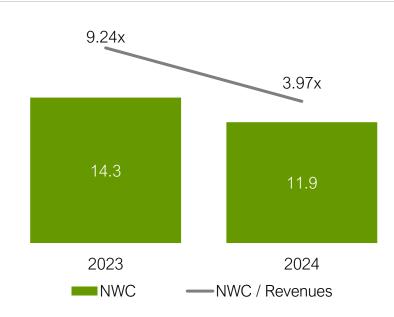
2024 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE SOLID FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

NET WORKING CAPITAL (€M)



The effect of the increase in raw material and gas prices is reflected in the increase in trade payables, which more than offset the increase in inventories and trade receivables. The further reduction is attributable to the collection of credits for non-repayable incentives relating to previous years and the use of tax credits.

NET FINANCIAL DEBT (€M)



Attributable both to the reduction in financial debt and to the cash generation from core operations, thanks to the reduction in Commercial Working Capital.

INVESTMENTS

€M	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
TANGIBLE	2.06	3.57	5.21	1.82	2.17
INTANGIBLE	0.02	0.08	0.16	0.93	0.19
INVESTMENTS	2.09	3.65	5.36	2.74	2.36
TANGIBLE	Purchase of evaporative towers and tanks Electrical Cabin DCS	Purchase of dissolvers and tanks Utilities for esters	Purchase of neighboring land Construction of new warehouse	Completion of new warehouse Start of corollary works for esterifiers (heating plant and cogenerator revamping)	Facilities to complement the production of esters aimed at increasing production efficiency and storage capacity Technological update of the separation plant
INTANGIBLE			Rights and licenses	IPO, software for new warehouse, startup CRM	Completion of the CRM Implementation of the new ERP

REGULATORY DRIVERS AND MEGATRENDS

European Green Deal

aims to move the EU towards a green transition, with the intention of achieving climate neutrality by 2050

EU Chemical Industry Transitional Pathway

stipulates that 20% of all plastics and chemicals synthesised in the EU must come from renewable sources by 2030

EUropean Deforestation-free products Regulation (EUDR)

requires the mapping of the supply chain for palm oil and other products at high risk of causing deforestation, resulting in a significant increase in costs for Asian producers

Plastic Packaging Waste Regulation (PPWR)

supports the transition to biobased plastics for the packaging sector.

- Although non-EU states have not equipped themselves with a package of sustainability policies as important as the Green Deal, sustainability is now a global driver and even the US and Asian operators are building internal policies to mitigate the carbon footprint. Completion of the PCF for oleochemical derivatives means GREEN OLEO is on track to compete as a front runner in the global oleochemical sector.
- Innovations in extraction and synthesis technologies make these products increasingly competitive on the global market.
- Significant advantages in terms of efficiency and productivity compared to petroleum-based raw materials.
- Growing demand for biodegradable lubricants in sectors ranging from metalworking to automotive.
- Ageing populations, particularly in Western countries, supports growing demand for anti-ageing cosmetics.
- Global cosmetics producers increasingly oriented towards natural ingredients.
- Greater awareness by consumers of the environmental and cost benefits of oleochemical products.

THE CHOICES OF THE BIG BRANDS

COSMETICS

LUSH

We are also working to reduce the climate and nature impact of our supply webs, while creating more opportunities for nature to thrive and help to remove emissions. Ultimately, we want to have a net positive supply web by 2030.

LUBRICANTS

CASTROL

High-performing, hardworking lubricants are a critical component of efficient, profitable vessel operations. But in a world of ever-stronger environmental legislation, you may prefer Environmentally Acceptable Lubricants (EALs)**.

Castrol Bio Range products have been created to meet demanding global environmental legislation challenges; their use provides confidence wherever your ships operate around the world.

DETERGENTS

UNILEVER

We want to ensure our brands not only do less harm but also do more good for people and the planet, and collaboration will be vital. Accelerating our science and technology partnerships and programs will play a crucial part in bringing our vision to life.

That's why today we're launching a challenge to find the next generation of biodegradable and sustainable cosmetic ingredients and packaging materials that deliver incredible benefits to the millions of people who choose our products every day – and to the planet.

RESINS AND PAINTS

IKEA

Materials are key for becoming circular

We are committed to becoming a circular business and enabling our customers to live a more sustainable life. To make this a reality, one of our ambitions is to move towards the use of renewable and recycled materials by 2030, and to design recyclable products. We talked to Stefan Månsson, Material & Innovation Development Manager at Inter IKEA Group, to find out how far we have come on our journey and what lies ahead.

INTERMEDIATE FOR INDUSTRY

BASF

Why do we use renewable raw materials at BASF?

First of all, renewable raw materials may feature unique properties and functionalities that are either impossible or very difficult to create using fossil resources. Production based on renewable raw materials may thereby save costs and at the same time often enables innovation. In addition to that using renewable raw materials helps to save fossil resources and may contribute to reducing greenhouse gas emissions. We evaluate the impact on the environment during production and the use of products based on renewable raw materials using life cycle analysis methods.

AGRO

BAYER

At Bayer, Biologicals are an important part of our commitment to encourage diversity in modern agricultural practices and enable regenerative agricultural practices by providing a broad range of solutions to support farmers. Bayer partners with leading innovators around the world to bring new biologicals from the open innovation ecosystem to growers of all kinds.

RECENT ACHIEVEMENTS BOOSTING GROWTH

2023

- The Reach registration process completed in September 2023 for *Medium Chain Triglycerides* have strengthened the presence in the Cosmetics and in the High performance industrial lubrication.
- The launch in August 2023 of a competitive alternative, from a technical and commercial point of view, to Tall Oil Fatty Acids (TOFA) whose availability is currently limited as they are used on a large scale in the food industry biodiesel, paints and asphalts.

2024

- Esters for ceramic inks have made an interesting contribution to the development of volumes in 2024.
- Prototyping of lightweight esters, an alternatives to cyclic silicones already restricted by ECHA due to their low biodegradability
- Industrialization of emulsifying esters, which replace ethoxylated emulsifiers (the presence of 1,4 dioxane - considered carcinogenic by ECHA - may soon severely limit their use in cosmetic products). This category also includes polyglycerin esters, which are highly valued in skin care formulations and represent a high-value niche with significant growth potential, currently in progressive development.

2025

The inclusion of 44 esters from renewable sources in the *Lubricant Substance Classification List* (LuSC-list). This will guarantee GREEN OLEO customers the possibility of formulating biolubricants with the EU Ecolabel, that certifies, also to the end user, that the biolubricant has a reduced environmental impact throughout its entire life cycle while maintaining high performance standards

Among the 44 lubricant base oils offered by GREEN OLEO in the LuSC list, there are bases for standard bio-lubricants as well as **complex esters** with a high percentage from renewable sources such as the GreenFad[®] RG and GreenFad[®] GS series.

* * *

Launch of GreenCos® UV, new cosmetic emollient for UV filters solubilisation. It is the biobased alternative to alkyl benzoate, a mineral-derived product widely used in sunscreens.23



R&D: THE KEY FOR GROWTH GREEN OLEO # 14

ONGOING R&D PROJECTS AND NEW MARKETS

COMESTICS

Completely palm-free products based on olive oil

A new project has been initiated to study emollients for skin care formulations, featuring interesting and completely palm-free products based on olive oil, which is a true specialty for GREEN OLEO.

LUBRICATION

Esters for lubrication 100% from renewable sources.

Development of a natural derivative that goes to replace the fraction deriving from fossil sources currently present in most synthetic esters for lubrication. Intended for applications that may result in lubricant dispersion in the surrounding environment.

Esters for cooling systems.

This is a new frontier of lubrication that impacts two fast growing markets: the cooling system of **batteries for electric cars** and the cooling of **data centers**.

NEW MARKETS

Light esters as an alternative ingredient to solvents, with various applications (cosmetics, ceramics, etc.)

By-products enhancement

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY: «TRUE GREEN CHEMISTRY», Mario Buzzella

PRODUCTIVE

PROCESS

RAW MATERIALS AND BY PRODUCTS

VEGETABLE BASED







Olive Oils and Acid Oils

Sustainable Palm

High Oleic Sunflower







Soy Oils and Acid Oils

ANIMAL-BASED



Animal fat (Tallow Cat. III Ministry of Health)

FAMILIES OF OLEOCHEMICAL PRODUCTS

ESTERS

GLYCERINE

FATTY ACIDS

- oleic acids
- stearic acids
- distilled fatty acids
- polyunsaturated fatty acids
- partially hydrogenated fatty acids

fatty acid derivatives

WASTE PRODUCED

- non-hazardous waste (95%)
- hazardous waste (5%)

TARGET MARKETS



Adhesives



Intermediates for industry



Agro



Lubricants



Candles



Plastic and elastomers



Paper



Resins and paints



Personal care



Textile and Leather



Detergents



Others

Energy, fertilizers, asphalt, ...

DESTINATION

- recovery (97%)
- disposal (3%)

FROM UPCYCLING, RENEWABLE, BIODEGRADABLE, CERTIFIED AND SHORT CHAIN RAW MATERIALS

Thanks to the technical know-how and the features of the production plant, GREEN OLEO is among the few global players to process olive oil derivatives, which allow the creation of products with high added value and margins: this is a competitive advantage in sectors such as cosmetics, life science, agriculture.

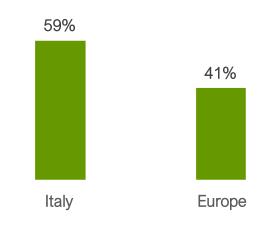
64% of the raw materials used are derived from **upcycling**, meaning they come from by-products of the food chain that are unsuitable for human consumption.

90% of the raw materials used are renewable.

Category materials*	Type of product purchased	Renewable material	Amount purchased 2024 (t)	%
Raw materials of plant origin	Oils and Acidic Oils	YES	25,182	53%
Raw materials of animal origin	Animal fats cat. III	YES	15,293	32%
Raw materials of mixed natural origin	Various oils and fats	YES	2,119	4%
Minerals	Synthetic products	NO	4,811	10%
Total			47,405	100%

^{*} All materials of natural origin associated with a "natural" production cycle have been considered as renewable materials. Animal tallow also belongs to this category as it is a by-product deriving from the processing of meat and bovine fat

SPENDING TOWARDS SUPPLIERS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA (2023)



PALM OIL is a minor raw material for GREEN OLEO (<5%).



Since 2015, GREEN OLEO has strictly adhered to RSPO standards, to protect the living conditions of local communities and the biodiversity of the ecosystems involved in accordance with international best practices

CERTIFICATIONS



Only 1% of all companies assessed by EcoVadis manage to achieve this result.

Aspects analysed during the certification process:

- sustainable procurement
- environment
- labour practices and human rights
- ethics

SUPPLY CHAIN AND PRODUCT







PROCESS



Quality management system







Environmental management system







Safety management system

R&D is the key for growth

Internal function
«Regulatory»: reference
regulatory monitoring to
intercept sector trends
and anticipate market
demands by directing
R&D activity

Margin optimization through product mix

Investments aimed at optimizing esterification plants, with the aim of speeding up production and making it more flexible

Investments to revamp the oleochemical department dedicated to products for the cosmetics sector and intermediates for esters

Diversification of feedstock

Strengthening of the internal sales network with a sales manager dedicated to Cosmetics

New distribution contracts (focus on USA and LATAM)

Development of a commercial proposal just in time thanks to the «make to stock» model

Participation in the main international trade fairs

M&A GROWTH STRATEGY POTENTIAL TARGET COMPANIES

		LUBRICATION		
	TARGET A	TARGET B	TARGET C	TARGET D
STRATEGIC RATIONALE FOR GREEN OLEO	Expansion of sales channels, distribution network and downstream integration	Increase/rationalization of production capacity and reduction time to market	Consolidation of the brand in natural cosmetics Access to a high added value market	Increase in production capacity International expansion
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POTENTIAL TARGET COMPANY	Distributor of ingredients for cosmetics that has developed the online sales channel for micropackaging	Manufacturer of esters already approved for cosmetics	Manufacturer of natural extracts on cosmetic active ingredients (aloe vera, natural vitamin E,)	Manufacturer of lubricating formulations in the US market
OPPORTUNITY FOR THE POTENTIAL TARGET COMPANY	Expand and differentiate your offering with unique and highly appealing	Upstream integration on the oleochemical supply chain and expansion of production capacity	Upstream integration on raw materials and expansion of the product range	First mover in lubrication natural high performance

THE CREMONA PRODUCTION SITE





IR Team



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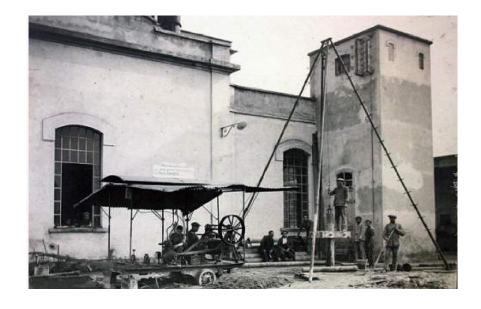


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PRIVATE MANAGEMENT

1923: Stabilimenti Chimici Mazzini



THE FOUNDATION

To satisfy the high demands of the local economy, Stabilimenti Chimici Mazzini was born as an industrial supplier of fertilizers, glues and animal feed bases obtained from:

- Processing of animal bones with trichlorethylene (extraction) > Glues
- Bone grinding > Fertilizers and animal feed bases

1955

Simel (Società Immobiliare Mazzini e Lacchini)

The entry into the Company of Engineer Lacchini brought new know how to the company.

The factory takes on its current configuration thanks to the introduction of various types of processing systems:

- Splitting plant
- Fatty acid distillation plant
- Wet separation plant
- Glycerine concentration plant
- Hydrogenation plant

SIMEL S.p.A. began to expand its market in the industrial sector at a European level, using by-products supplied by local agriculture in the territory of the Po river.





OVER 100 YEARS OF HISTORY MULTINATIONALS

1985





UNILEVER creates its own business branch dedicated to chemistry, UNICHEMA INTERNATIONAL, including:

- Fine chemistry
- Specialty chemistry
- Oleochemistry

In 1985 Unichema Italia purchased 85% of the shares held by Engineer Lacchini. In 1990 he purchased the remaining 15%.

In these years, there was a renewal of existing plant systems and an expansion of the product range.

1997





UNILEVER sells UNICHEMA INTERNATIONAL to I.C.I., which changes the brand to UNIQEMA.

I.C.I. carries out a corporate reorganization and begins to sell part of its business branches. In 2000, in particular, it sold assets to Hunstman and Ineos.

2006

CRODA

I.C.I. sells the UNIQEMA business unit to Croda International Plc.

Starting from 2010, Croda International Plc decides to exit the direct oleochemical business and acquire its products:

- in 2010 the Emmerich plant was sold to KLK Oleo (Malaysian multinational)
- in 2012 the factory in Cremona was sold to the Buzzella family

THE BUZZELLA FAMILY

The Buzzella family has been operating in the industrial chemistry sector for over 60 years in the company named COIM, one of the main Italian chemical groups with a turnover of more than 1 billion euros and plants located in many areas of the world.





The history of COIM began with the meeting between Mario Buzzella (a lab technician in a chemical plant in Milan) and Cesare Zocchi (a customer of the company).

The first major insight of the two founders was to venture into an uncovered area of the Italian chemical industry. Thanks to Buzzella's technical expertise and Zocchi's business acumen, they received their first order for methyl ethyl ketone peroxide (KETANOX), a product that was difficult to find in Italy.

This order allowed them to establish COIM and, just a few months later, in October 1962, to create a production site in Offanengo, in the province of Cremona.



PRODUCTION CAPACITY AND EFFICIENCY

- New esterification plants with an annual capacity of 15,000 tons have been installed, diversifying the product portfolio and integrating downstream processes. This new plant sets aside the oleochemical plant with an annual capacity of 50,000 tons.
- In 2023, supplementary works related to the esterification plants commenced, aimed at maximizing production capacity.
- MAG80 was established, a new highly automated warehouse with a storage capacity of around 2,700 pallet spaces, which will facilitate the transition to a make-to-stock model for certain products, yielding benefits in terms of margins.
- To effectively manage the new warehouse, an advanced Warehouse Management System has been implemented, designed to improve operational efficiency, reduce errors, and optimize inventory management.
- The new warehouse has been equipped with **photovoltaic** panels with a peak power output of 141.44 kWp.

- A 1 MW cogenerator powered by natural gas has been installed, meeting 80-85% of the electricity needs and enabling the production of steam and hot water, which are widely used on-site.
- The CRM Sales Force tm software was introduced to enhance customer relationship management by monitoring the entire approval process for new products, particularly in relation to developments in cosmetics and lubrication.
- The heating plant has been upgraded with a backup boiler and a modular collector system, which makes the system more efficient and flexible.
- New evaporative towers have been installed, with electricity consumption reduced by 50% while maintaining cooling capacity.
- New equipment has been purchased to improve the quality and precision of chemical analyses.
- A new utilities area has been created, featuring an electrical substation, a REMI substation, evaporative towers, and a nitrogen storage tank, optimizing site management.

ENVIRONMENT AND SAFETY

ENVIRONMENT

The surface of MAG80, covering 3,700 m², was coated with TiO₂ photocatalytic technology, a catalytic paint commonly referred to as "smog-eating", capable of decomposing nitrogen oxides (NOx) generated by fossil fuel combustion, creating an effect equivalent to approximately 296-370 trees.

A piping system was established to connect the tanks and direct gaseous emissions into a regenerative combustor. This intervention significantly reduced the odors produced by the treated raw materials, resulting in a positive impact on the surrounding neighborhood.

Additionally, a stripping plant was installed to reduce the chemical oxygen demand (COD) of wastewater, making it more biodegradable. The outgoing air, which is rich in volatile organic compounds, is directed to the combustor.

SAFETY

The installation of **new pipe racks** has allowed for a more orderly and safe management of the positioning of transfer lines on well-tested and engineered structures.

The capacity of the **firefighting tank** has been expanded, increasing the intervention time during emergencies by 25%.

Reservoirs have been replaced or refurbished with internal lining, and basins have been enhanced to improve their capacity and condition.

The drainage circuit has been completely overhauled with new valves, exchangers, pumps, and PLC control, significantly reducing the risk in the event of a fire in the boiler room or a major emergency leak.

A «SUSTAINABLE BY DESIGN» COMPANY PRODUCTION PLANT

FROM 2012
>39 MILLION EUROS
OF INVESTMENTS

to improve and update the
Cremona production site,
carrying out interventions aimed
at economic, environmental and
social sustainability

PRODUCTION PLANTS

Hydrolytic splitting
Separation
Multi-stage distiller
Multiple effect evaporators
Hydrogenation
Glycerin fractionation
Flaking
Soaps
Drumming

Esterification

Both the high versatility of the systems in processing a wide variety of *feedstock* and the know-how allow to **create** solutions *ad hoc* to quickly intercept the needs of an evolving market.

GREEN OLEO's ability to obtain the best combination mix of *input* production, the maximization of the yield of raw materials both in terms of cost efficiency and output quality and the saturation of production capacity, allow the creation of economies of scale.

	Oleochemistry	Esters
Productive process	in continuous	in batches
Capacity	50,000 t/a	15,000 t/a
Operation	3 shifts of 8 hours 24/7 h/d 330 days/year	3 shifts of 8 hours 5/7 g/d 240 days/year

TARGET MARKETS

APPLICATIONS WITH GREATER ADDED VALUE Customization and maximization of product quality



Cosmetics



Detergents



Lubrication



Resins and Paints



Intermediates for industry



Agro

OTHER APPLICATIONS

Standardization, increase in volumes, creation of economies of scale



Plastic and Elastomers



Paper



Textile and Leather



Candles



Adhesives



Others

PRODUCT CARBON FOOTPRINT (PCF) CRADLE-TO-GATE

GREEN OLEO provides to customers PCF cradle-to-gate of its products.

The PCF of olive oil derivatives have a LOWER CARBON FOOTPRINT compared to those of the same products derived from other raw materials of natural origin, such as sunflower and palm*.

Obtaining reduced PCF values is an essential goal for future developments in sectors sensibles to sustainability, such as in Cosmetics.

All major cosmetic companies have significant targets for reducing the PCF of their products. Emissions linked to *supply chain* (Scope 3) are typically those with the greatest impact.

GREEN OLEO therefore stands as a *Front Runner* in the creation of low PCF raw materials used for the achievement of targets of *GHG emissions*.



Derivatives
Olive oil
from Upcycling



6X Palm oil



6X Sunflower oil

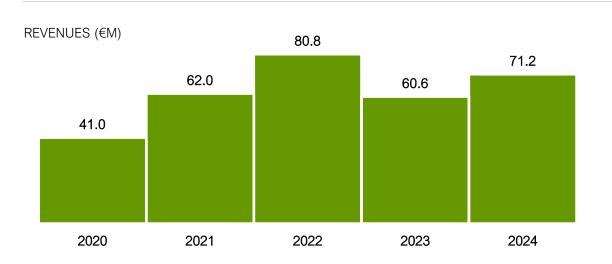
* SoftwareSimapro PCFcalculation accordingto: ISO 14040, ISO 14044, ISO 14067, WBCSDExcl.Biogenic contribution Databases:World food LCA Database, Ecoinvent3, Agri-footprint "Halve greenhouse gas impact of our products across the lifecycle by 2030." UNILEVER

"We will reduce all GHG emissions by 50% per finished product for scopes 1, 2 and 3 by 2030, and achieve net zero by 2050."

L'OREAL

"With its CARE BEYOND SKIN Sustainability Agenda, the company aims to achieve a 30% absolute reduction of CO2 emissions across the entire value chain (scope 1, 2 and 3) by 2025 (vs. base year 2018)" BEIERSORF

VOLUME AND REVENUE TREND



2024

- focus on Volumes to generate economies of scale: 48K t, +24%
- Revenues 71.2 €M, +18% thanks to the different product mix

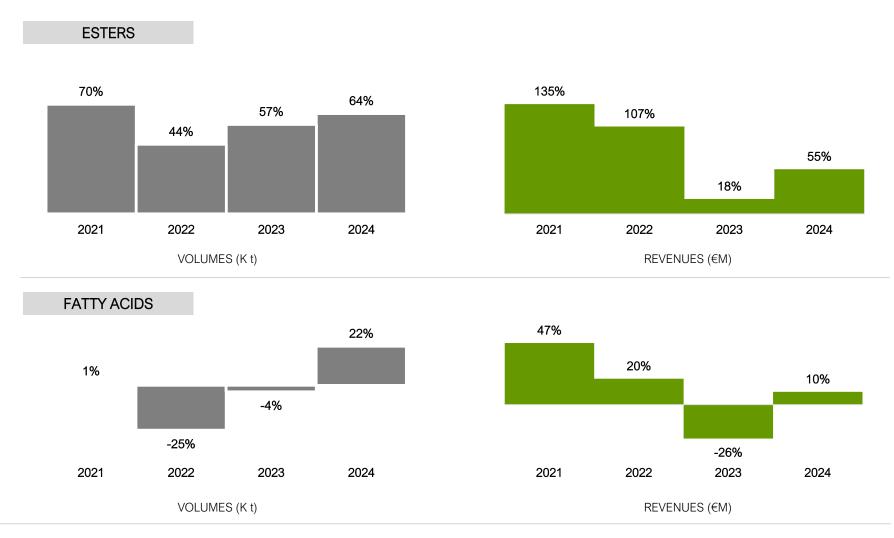
2023 reached 3 important results:

- Volumes unchanged compared to 2022 (39K t)
- a drop in Revenues compared to 2022 attributable solely to the drop in the sales price (driven downwards by the drop in raw material prices)
- Revenues in line with 2021 (year in which volumes stood at 49K t) thanks to the different product mix

2022 characterized by a progressive trend of increasing raw material prices and product sale prices generating Revenue growth despite a contraction in Volumes

VOLUME AND REVENUE TREND: GROWTH RATES BY PRODUCT

Results confirm the validity of the strategy pursued over these years: downstream integration and growth in applications with greater added value.



GREEN OLEO adopted the strategic choice to optimize - primarily using glycerine generated internally during the production process - a low value-added and highly energy-intensive product, yielding benefits on production costs.

HISTORICAL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

INCOME STATEMENT

€M	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Revenues from sales	41.0	62.0	80.8	60.6	71.2
Changes in inventories	0.8	2,2	2,2	(2.6)	0.0
Other income	1.7	1.3	3,4	4.6	0.9
Production Value	43.4	65.4	86.4	62.6	72.1
Raw material costs	(29.2)	(44.4)	(55.3)	(42.2)	(48.8)
Costs for services	(7.1)	(11.2)	(17.8)	(13.5)	(14.1)
Costs for the use of third party assets	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Staff costs	(4.1)	(4.8)	(4.8)	(4.8)	(5.7)
Various management costs	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.3)
EBITDA	2.6	4.7	8.2	1.6	3.0
Depreciation and write-downs	(2.3)	(2.5)	(2.6)	(2.8)	(3.4)
EBIT	0.3	2,2	5.5	(1.3)	(0.4)
Financial income and expenses	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.7)	(0.6)
EBT	(0.0)	1.9	5.3	(2.0)	(1.0)
Income taxes	(0.3)	(0.1)	0.3	1.4	(0.0)
Net Income	(0.3)	1.8	5.6	(0.6)	(1.0)

HISTORICAL FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

BALANCE SHEET

€M	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Intangible fixed assets	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.3	1.2
Tangible fixed assets	20.3	21.6	24.3	23.6	23.2
Financial fixed assets	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1
NET FIXED ASSETS	21.1	22.3	25.4	25.0	24.4
Inventories	5.0	7.9	10.6	7.2	7.9
Commercial credits	7.6	8.4	7.8	8.2	9.0
Commercial debts	(7.3)	(9.8)	(10.1)	(9.2)	(11.3)
COMMERCIAL WORKING CAPITAL	5.3	6.5	8.3	6.1	5.7
Other current assets	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.8	0.5
Other current liabilities	-0.6	1.0	(0.8)	(0.6)	(0.9)
Tax receivables and payables	0.6	0.4	4.0	3.8	2.9
Net accruals and deferrals	0.2	0.2	(0.9)	(0.8)	(0.7)
NET WORKING CAPITAL	5.7	6.4	10.8	10.3	7.5
Provisions for risks and charges	(1.9)	(1.5)	(1.3)	(4.0)	(2.3)
Severence Fund	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.3)	(0.2)	(0.2)
NET INVESTED CAPITAL	24.3	26.7	34.6	31.1	29.5

€M	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Cash	(0.6)	(1,1)	(2.0)	(1.9)	(2.5)
Other current financial assets	0.0	0.0	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
Current financial debt	3.1	0.5	3.5	2.3	3.3
Current portion of non-current financial debt	3.0	5.3	5.4	5.9	4.4
Non-current financial debt	12.2	12.3	12.0	8.1	6.8
NET FINANCIAL DEBT	17.7	17.0	18.8	14.3	11.9
Share capital	0.1	0.6	0.6	8.0	8.0
Reserves	6.8	7.4	9.6	16.5	17.7
Operating result	(0.3)	1.8	5.6	(0.6)	(0.1)
EQUITY	6.6	9.8	15.8	16.8	17.5
TOTAL SOURCES	24.3	26.7	34.6	31.1	29.5